

A LIVE-WIRE NEWSPAPER --- WITHOUT DOUBT THE BRIGHTEST AND BEST APPEARING COUNTRY WEEKLY PUBLISHED IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA

TELEGRAPH NEWS TOLD IN BRIEF

MACHINE GUNS AND TEAR BOMBS FOR A.P.P.

Edmonton, April 12.—Boundary bootleggers and bank bandits are going to have to show some speed this summer to get away with the "bacon" judging from an exhibition of motorcycle machine gun equipment demonstrated in front of the parliament buildings Thursday morning by Police Commissioner Bryan and his men. Recently Attorney-general Brownlee announced in the legislature that the provincial police would be equipped with "lightpower motor cycles" to assist in keeping order along the boundary. The demonstration Thursday morning was to show legislators how it would be done.

One of the features of the exhibition was the accidental discharge of a tear bomb as a motorcycle raced past the assembled legislators on the steps of the parliament buildings. The gas caused legislative eyes to stream and noses to sneeze, while one sufferer had to be given first aid treatment with water.

There were two of the machines demonstrated, each one equipped with a machine gun. They are of the latest thing in this design, something on the order of the chaser aeroplane, where the machine is pointed to aim the gun. The operator steers the motor cycle by moving the grip stock of the machine gun, thus keeping the fleeing quarry continually under the sights of the gun and the following motor cycle.

Attorney-general Brownlee expressed the mild hope that the machine gun would have a "good moral effect" and trusted no one would have to be shot.

The force has been provided with six such motorcycles, though only two of them are equipped with the mounted Lewis machine gun. All carry side cam so that policemen can accompany the machine, the man in the sidecar also being provided with one of the portable Lewis machine guns in addition to the usual sidearms.

Now deadly the equipment is in actual practice was disclosed by a test run when machines were raced over the ice on the Saskatchewan river. At a speed of 60 miles an hour firing at a target the size of the rear end of an automobile at 140 yards, 69 hits were made out of 82 shots. A burst of this kind of firing would puncture the rear tires of a flying automobile, riddle the gas tank, even though the driver escaped having his head shot off, and put the car in the ditch. The drivers of the two machine gun cars have been specially trained so well, in fact, that they accomplish the overseas task of dismounting and assembling one of the machine guns blindfolded. The boundary police posts are some 90 miles apart, so that one of the machines could make the trip in less than two hours to obtain reinforcements when necessary.

MACLEOD TOWN AFFAIRS UP IN LEGISLATURE
Edmonton, April 12.—Affairs of the Town of Macleod were aired briefly at the Thursday night sitting of the legislature during consideration of the vote of \$132,655 income and \$30,000 capital account for the municipalities department.

Hon. C. R. Mitchell said that he heard that the town had dismissed certain employees but had been forced to take them back by the Municipal Affairs Commission which is in charge of the town's finances.

Hon. Mr. Reid said the statement

was not accurate. The town council had fired one man and reduced another. When a municipality places its affairs under the commission it must be governed by it. He understood that the commission had just had a meeting in Calgary, and that four of the councillors of the town, who were present, had decided to resign and that an administrator was to be appointed.

Mr. Mitchell in reply, said that his information came from a big taxpayer and that the citizens of the town were much wrought up by the action. The town had taken action to reduce the cost of administration which was too high. The commission had ordered the reinstatement of the men struck off with the result that an acute situation had arisen. He intimated that outside parties had interfered with the commission to have certain officials put back on their jobs and thought the minister should investigate.

The application for an administration was before me before I knew anything about it," answered the minister. "So far as I know the commission has taken no action yet."

The matter was then dropped.

NEW ALBERTA SEATS PRACTI- CALLY DECIDED

Ottawa, April 14.—Although the names of the new constituencies have not all been determined, plans for redistribution of federal seats in Alberta are practically worked out and the four new seats will be substantially as follows: Peace River, out of the northwest part of West Edmonton; Athabasca, out of the northeast part of East Edmonton.

A new constituency out of parts of Medicine Hat and Battle River. A new constituency out of parts of Victoria, Battle River and Red Deer. The present constituencies will retain their names, but will be geographically adjusted to the new ridings that are carved out.

J. R. BOYLE IS GOING ON THE BENCH

Edmonton, April 14.—Very definite news has been received in Edmonton that the Hon. J. R. Boyle, leader of the Liberal opposition, will be on the bench of the supreme court of Alberta within three months. It is learned that the necessary vote for the salary of an additional Alberta judge will be provided for in the estimates to be brought down at Ottawa shortly by Hon. W. S. Fielding.

As a result of the news there is a stir in Liberal circles over the choice of a new leader.

Many Northern Liberals wish to have Hon. Frank Oliver named for the post, believing that he would be able to lead the party to victory in the by-election necessary in the city of Edmonton. Hon. Chas. R. Mitchell, it is expected, will be appointed house leader of the party.

There is also a rumor that Mrs. Nellie McClung, Liberal member for one of the Edmonton seats, is being groomed to run as a labor candidate in Calgary at the next election. Mrs. McClung will move to Calgary to become a resident of that city after the present session of the House.

McKINLEY CAMERON FIGHTING FOR HIS CLIENTS
Montreal, April 16.—J. McKinley Cameron, of Calgary, is still making efforts to obtain permission of the minister of justice to grant another trial to Emilio Picariello and Mrs. Florence Lassandro, sentenced to death for the murder of Provincial Constable Lawson, at Coleman, last September, so he informed the secretary of the Canadian Prisoners' Welfare Association here yesterday.

Appeal against the appeal has already been dismissed by the appellate court of Alberta and the supreme court of Canada.

Mr. Cameron is urging a new trial on the ground that the venue of the previous trial at Calgary, was "full of bias," and that newspaper comment was exceedingly prejudicial, he stated, and that the testimony heard left it very open to the jury to bring in a manslaughter verdict.

Ottawa, April 17.—It is expected that the cabinet will, next week, discuss an application for commutation of sentence in the Alberta capital punishment cases of Emilio Picariello and Florence Lassandro, whose appeal was dismissed by the supreme court of Canada some days ago.

The execution is fixed for May 2. Edmonton, April 18.—Two weeks from Wednesday, Emil Picariello and Mrs. Florence Lassandro, convicted slayers of Constable Steve Lawson, go to the scaffold.

In the provincial jail at Fort Saskatchewan the two slayers are watching the days pass all too quickly each in a death cell under the special death watch. As May 2nd draws near and as each sees the hope they have held so tightly since they were convicted in Calgary passing away, the strain is beginning to tell.

Picariello is showing the greatest signs of strain. He paces his cell heavily, hoping that the efforts which are now being put forth in Montreal on behalf of himself and his woman accomplice will result in a new trial and a new hope for freedom. In case that fails the other hope is tenuous; he held that a commutation of sentence to life imprisonment will result.

Picariello is not the rugged Italian he was the day following his capture. His face is bleached out and shows the terrible ordeal he has been going through. It is common talk among the police here who know the facts that Picariello is going to pieces and

SEARCHLIGHT REVEALS THE HOUSE DAVID

Shakespeare says something about a man, however chaste, being unable to escape calumny, and it is well he said it, because the remark must now be a consolation for "King Benjamin," head of the House of David colony at Benton Harbor, Michigan, who now is sorely tried. It is well known to many of his followers that "King Benjamin" is a saint and a gentleman, but some former followers have alleged that he is a man of wrath, a wine bibber, a tobacco chewer, a corrupter of youth, and a follower after strange women. These charges were made in a suit brought against "King Benjamin" by two former inmates of his colony named Hansell who are suing him for damages, and for the return of a large sum money which they say they entrusted to "King Benjamin" on becoming members of his sect. The judge who has the matter under advisement says that the decision will depend upon whether he concludes the House of David is a religion or a business, the Hansells may recover; if it is a religion their money is gone.

Ball Team and Band
The House of David is a colony numbering between 700 and 800, gathered from many parts of the world, Australia having a particularly strong delegation. The colony is operated on a community basis, the members holding their real property in common, and those who have any possessions are expected to turn them over to the "King" before they can be accepted as adherents. From the colony itself all strangers are rigorously excluded, but in Benton Harbor the members operate the concessions at an amusement park; the men work in Benton Harbor at various occupations, many of them being street car employees, and otherwise they mingle freely with the public. They have a large dairy farm and a cannery which are supposed to be profitable, and through their band and their baseball team, they are known all over the United States and in Canada as well. It will be recalled that their ball team which is a highly expert club, visited Toronto a year or so ago, and attracted much attention because of the Sampsonian looks of the players. Their band is said to be a fine one, and despite the solemn religious beliefs of the players, is as ready as any to play jazz.

Claim Immortality
The House of David is supposed to have been originally established by a woman in England in the eighteenth century, and is known to have flourished in the United States for some eighty years. The present chief, "King Benjamin" Purnell and his wife "Queen" Mary Purnell have held office for at least twenty-five years. They contend that they are immortal, and that the purpose of their followers is to acquire immortality too. By means of pondering the scriptures and of certain Divine revelations that have been vouchsafed to "King Benjamin" it has been determined that the world is to end within the next seventy-eight years. The members of the House of David, however, will not suffer the fate of the rest of humanity. As members of the lost tribe of Israel they will enjoy with 144,000 of the elect the pleasure of continuing to live after all other human flesh has perished. The members so highly esteem this privilege that they will not bring children into the world to share it with them. There are marriages in the House of David but they are merely nominal, husbands and wives living as brothers and sisters.

The Perfect Life
A correspondent of the New York World who is acquainted with many members say that they appear to be perfectly devout, earnest people living decent lives because they have been taught that it is only by attaining perfection that they can attain immortality. When a member dies, and thus proves that he was not immortal as he had suspected, it is proof that he had failed to attain the perfect life. In fact, a death in a family of the House of David is tantamount to a scandal, and takes the other members some time to live it down. The only community services are called assemblies, but are unlike conventional religious ceremonies. Tracts and

pamphlets are published and distributed among the community. For the most part they are crammed with Biblical texts, preferably from Revelation or the Old Testament and are garnished with remarks by the "King" which are so vague as to be almost meaningless to readers who do not happen to be members of the colony. However, they seem to afford spiritual nourishment for the members.

Dropping a "t"
Naturally the members have hotly resented the charges made against "King Benjamin" whom they regard as a perfect man, and a prophet Divinely ordained, but of course their testimony in his favor was purely negative. The most damaging charges against him were made by several women who had been formerly members of the colony but who had escaped after they found out that the chief was by no means the holy man he represented himself to be; or as "King Benjamin" says, after he had expelled them because of moral failings. His accusers said that "King Benjamin" misunderstood the word "immortality" and that what most interested and absorbed him was the word "immortality" and not the word alone but all the sinful practices that it connotes. That he went in fear of attack and carried a revolver seems to have been established, and this was surely an inconsistency at least for a man who believes that he will never die.

**COMING EVENTS
FORESHADOWED**
X-RAY FUND WHIST DRIVE
Your last chance of assisting the Ladies' Hospital Aid of Macleod in their splendid effort to pay off all expenses in connection with the new X-Ray equipment at the Hospital, will be on Friday night, April 27th, at the Oddfellows' Hall. According to Mrs. Swinerton, the president, this will be the absolute last and final affair for the X-Ray, and she guarantees it will be one of the jolliest evenings of them all. Special orchestra, special acts, special prizes and entertainment, all for fifty cents, and every nickel will be given to the X-Ray fund.

Macleod Basketball Club will hold a Tea in the Town Hall on Saturday, April 28th, at 3 p.m.

THE MACLEOD TIMES ADVERTISING DIRECTORY
ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED LIST OF MACLEOD MERCHANTS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN WHO ARE REGULAR WEEKLY ADVERTISERS IN THE MACLEOD TIMES.

W. G. ANDREWS, Hardware and (Tinsmithing)

R. T. BARKER, General Merchant

A. W. BAWDEN, Bakery and Confectionery

R. F. BARNES, Barrister

P. BURNS, LTD., Butchers

F. CUTLER, Empress Theatre

D. R. CARSE, Plumbing, Gasfitting (and Tinsmithing)

H. V. CLARKE, Macleod Photo Ser-

N. W. DILATASH, Garage and Farm (Implement)

JOHN L. FAWCETT, Barrister

THE GOOD COMPANY, (MACLEOD) LTD., Grocers

JOSEPH HICKS, Barrister

K. A. Y. REALTY CO., Real Estate, (Insurance, Etc.)

A. T. LEATHER, Real Estate, Loans

J. S. LAMBERT, Builder and Contractor

J. A. LEMIRE, Shoe Repairing

McDONALD, MARTIN & MACKENZIE, (Etc. Barbers)

R. D. McHAY, Druggist

G. S. MILLS, Dentist

J. D. MATTHEWSON, Barrister

F. MORRIS, Macleod Supply Grocery

W. K. MACKIE, Shoe Repairer

MACLEOD MOTOR SALES, Garage (F. A. Adams, Mgr.)

PALACE CAFE, Tam Yick, Mgr.

R. W. RUSSELL, Jeweler, Optician

REACH & CO., General Merchants

C. W. STEVENS, Builder and Contractor

STAND OFF FLOURING MILLS, (Hutterite Brothers)

TOWN OF MACLEOD, Public Utility (Mills)

MISS A. N. WILSON, Milliner

H. E. YOUNG, Farm Implement, (Drying, Ash, Livery)

ODE TO SPRING

—and all that

Er—Spring!

You perfectly priceless old thing!

I'm frightfully lured at the signs that one sees;

The jolly old sap in the topping old trees;

The priceless old lilac, and that sort of ret;

It jolly well cheers a chap up, does it not?

It's so fearfully bright;

So amazingly right,

And one feels as one feels if one got rather tight.

There's a tang in the air,

If you know what I mean;

And the grass, as it were,

Is so frightfully green.

We shall soon have the jolly old bee on the wing—

Er—Spring.

Old fruit!

You've given old Winter the boot.

The voice of the tailor is heard in the land

(I wonder what my rotten credit will stand?)

And the birds and the flowers (but especially the "birds")

Will be looking too perfectly priceless for words.

We shall have to get stocks

Of new ties and new socks,

And of course we must alter the jolly old clocks;

So a young fellow's fancy,

Turns na'turally towards

The river and Nancy,

Or Betty and Lord's.

In fact—as I said—you're a priceless old thing—

Er—Spring!

Old bean!

It's—well it's—you know what I mean.

It's time I was oiling the jolly old bat.

So, cutting a long story short, and all that;

The theme of this jolly old song that I sing

Is—er—jolly old Spring!

COMMISSION DECISION IS AWAITED

Mayor Fawcett and Councillors McLeod, Swinerton, Mills and Day met in regular meeting of the Town Council in the Council Chambers last Monday evening.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

On motion of Coun. Swinerton, seconded by Coun. McLeod, J. H. Stockton was to be informed that proceedings would be forthwith taken against him for removing the fixtures and fittings from the Alamo House, contrary to the instructions given him by the town authorities.

The application of P. Burns & Co. to rent the buildings formerly used as the Macleod Creamery, for a cheese factory or creamery, was to be replied to by the secretary, offering P. Burns & Co. the use of the building on condition they become responsible for all repairs at \$10 per month, such rental to be taken over on or before June 1st next.

The house formerly occupied by the late J. Heney on 25th Street, was let to Costa Piero at a rental of \$3 per month.

Moved by Coun. Mills and seconded by Coun. Swinerton that the resignation of Mrs. A. Dunn as assistant clerk in the town office be accepted and that the secretary be instructed to write and inform Mrs. Dunn of the mayor and council's great appreciation of her many years of excellent and faithful work for the town.

This motion was carried unanimously, each and every councillor expressing himself as very highly satisfied with the work done by Mrs. Dunn during her years of service on the town staff.

The accounts for the month were passed and ordered to be paid, as also the grants of \$1,600.00 for the public school and \$200.00 for the separate school for the month of March.

The mayor and council decided to adjourn until next Monday night before considering the applications that had been received for the positions of chief engineer and second engineers for the Town of Macleod Utilities Department. This was on account of no word or decision yet being received from the Finance Commission as to their action in regard to the affairs of Macleod town matters. In the meantime a committee comprising Councillors Swinerton, Day and Mills was appointed to peruse the applications and pick out those that contained the necessary qualifications and references and to be presented to Council at their meeting on Monday evening next.

The adjournment of the meeting was made on the motion of Councillors Swinerton and Day as it was reported that the Finance Commission would meet in Edmonton on Wednesday of this week to fully investigate the civic affairs of the town.

Quite a large number of ratepayers attended the meeting expecting that some report would be given out from the Finance Commission appertaining to the resignations and reductions in the engineer's department.

Regular Meeting Hospital Board

The regular meeting of the Macleod School Board was held last Wednesday evening, the following members being in attendance: R. T. McNicol, chairman; J. W. McDonald, E. Forster Brown and W. Stewart.

The chief matter of discussion was the Finance Commission's decision to reduce the grant of the school by \$2,500 per annum. J. W. McDonald, K.C., was strongly in opposition to such a reduction and strenuously opposed any such action, stating that the school should be the very last placed to be reduced if a reduction in town finances was to be considered. As the business of the school at the present time was being run as economically as possible.

After discussion between the members of the Board it was finally decided to take no action until further communication had been received from the Finance Commission and the meeting then adjourned.

Annual Meeting Local Golf Club

Dr. Alan Kennedy was elected captain of the Macleod Golf Club for the year 1923 at a very enthusiastic meeting of the Golf Club held last Wednesday evening. The secretary and treasurer's reports for the past year were read and proved very satisfactory. The meeting decided to still affiliate themselves with the Royal Canadian Golf Association, the Alberta Golf Association, and the Crown's Nest Golf Association. There was a lengthy discussion as to the improving and caring of the golf course this year.

It was reported that already most of the Russian thistles had been burned off and the growth of this annoying weed checked. Macleod golfers had been successful during the past year in many out-of-town tournaments. It was regretted that Macleod's champion golfer had removed to Blairmore in the person of D. G. Mackenzie. Not only would Mr. Mackenzie's loss as a golfer be missed, but as an organizer and supporter of the club it was hard to find his equal.

The club and sand for the greens had already been secured and work would be commenced on these right away. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Hon. President Superintendent Junger, of the R.C.M.F.; Lethbridge; Captain, Dr. Alan Kennedy; Vice-Capt., R. F. Barnes; Secretary, T. B. Martin; green committee, C. F. McGladdery, E. M. Smith, O. Fannett, and J. W. McDonald.

The membership fees for 1923 were fixed as follows: ladies \$5.00 and gentlemen \$10.00. It was left to the secretary to make arrangements for fees for transient players.

The Macleod Golf Club looks forward to a very successful year and to a very good membership.

LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN

A meeting will be held in the Parish Hall on Tuesday, April 24th, at 4 p. m. Nominations will be made for the officers of the National Council of Women to be elected at the annual meeting to be held in Halifax in June. Subjects of interest to women, such as home economics and the resolutions to come before the annual meeting of the National will be discussed. Members of the affiliated societies are urged to be present. The meeting is open to all women.

GLENWOODVILLE NEWS

The United Irrigation Board just received word from the Irrigation department at Ottawa that they were going to have three demonstration plots of five acres each in the United Irrigation district.

The United Irrigation board have hired Oland & Scott, of Cardston, at a monthly salary to finish the work of our canal system under the direction of Engineer D. W. Hays. They are running two camps of about fifty men in all and expect to finish the work by the first of June.

Farmers are all starting work on their farms, Monday, the 16th, with a determination to do their work well, with the expectation of getting a good crop.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Savage have moved to our town this spring. Eddie as we all know him by, was an English reserve and living here when the world war began, and he was among the very first who was called to the colors. Since the war he has been employed at the Lethbridge Experimental Farm. Now he has come to try some of his experiments out on the farm of Bishop Stewart. We all welcome him and family home again.

April 13.—A big dance was given at our amusement hall. Ladies of the town sold ice cream and pies. The proceeds from that and tickets, some \$31.00, will go for new seats for our church. There was a good turn out and all had a splendid time until near 12 o'clock.

April 9th.—Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Leavitt motored down to Raymond and visited for two days. They were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Kirkham. Mrs. Leavitt's parents.

A number of our young girls and young married women met on Thursday to organize a Needle Craft Club. They decided and chose Mrs. Verland K. Leavitt as the president. Each Thursday at 3 p.m. is their day of meeting. There were present: Mrs. Gladys Lane, Mrs. Evelyn Burgess, Mrs. Alice G. Leavitt, Miss Myrtle Sherwood, Miss Josephine Leavitt, Miss Pearl Sherwood, Miss Julia Leavitt and Miss Mary Laidlaw.

April 15.—Mr. W. G. Laidlaw, who has been absent on a trip to Scotland for about three months, has just returned home. He gave a short, interesting report of his travels and experiences in our meeting today. He seems pleased about our conditions here and future prospects.

April 14.—A senior baseball club was organized today. Grover Thomas as manager; Ernest Bohne assistant manager, and Ernest Law as secretary-treasurer.

While the big value period has placed Miss Vera Benson in a standing apparently low, there is a fair chance of her retrieving her position and making a good showing in the ultimate standings.

As will be noted by the standings Miss Anna Barr's backers have placed her in the front ranks with a substantial lead—the country folks are not apparently going to let the town put anything over on them. Miss Barr looks like an eventual winner—but in support of The Times contention that honest effort should be expected from every contestant right to the finish—it is believable that one or more of the contestants will possibly put across a reasonable argument even yet as against Miss Barr's winning in a walk.

Mrs. N. W. Dilatash, who has been the premier worker throughout the contest, and who was turned in the most money is a good second, in the front rank. Miss Martha Hamilton is now third, with her many friends implicitly believing that the Victoria will eventually adorn her home and enhance her popularity in entertaining her many friends in Macleod's younger set.

Mrs. Peterson's remarkable surge to the front is worthy of comment—the friendship period appears to have shown that she has loyal supporters and in the finals to be aggregated in the last three weeks doubtless will be shown a burden of proof as to her supporters' efforts in her behalf. Miss June Leavitt, of Glenwoodville, an eleventh hour candidate, has made a remarkable showing. Miss Leavitt entered the contest on Tuesday of last week and by Saturday night had turned into The Times office \$76.00 and gotten herself 652,000 votes. Miss Leavitt is the niece of Bishop Leavitt, and is one of the most popular young ladies in Glenwoodville town and district. Miss Leavitt is a leader in the younger set in Glenwoodville and highly popular in amateur theatrical circles, and her success is without doubt attributable to her following of sincere friends, and her ultimate standing in the contest is looked forward to with more than casual interest.

While the big value period has placed Miss Vera Benson in a standing apparently low, there is a fair chance of her retrieving her position and making a good showing in the ultimate standings.

At a special meeting of the councillors of the Bright Municipality and members of the Macleod Hospital Board which was held in the Bright municipal offices last Saturday afternoon, it was decided that all those who reside in the Bright Municipality District No. 60, will in case of sickness requiring hospital treatment attend the Macleod Hospital. If not, the Bright Municipality will accept no responsibility, and an agreement to this effect will be drawn up and signed by both the Bright council and the Hospital Board. The following attended the meeting: H. Mackintosh, H. Bright and Deputy Reeve Maloney, representing the Municipality Council, and J. Swinerton, G. E. Johnston and C. W. Stevens, the Macleod Hospital Board.

A reorganization meeting of the Macleod Tennis Club will be held in the Bank of Montreal on Thursday evening at 8 p. m. All those who are interested are requested to attend at that time, as plans may be made for the coming season.

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THE EMPRESS THEATRE CURRENT ATTRACTIONS

CHAPLIN MAKES "THE KID" TO SHOW HE CAN SUSTAIN HUMOR THROUGH SIX REELS

In Future, World Famous Comedian Will Drive "Tin Lizzie" Because He is One Man Who Can Afford to.

When a man has attained an earning capacity of \$1,000,000 a year and has the prominence which goes with being the most famous comedian in the world, it would seem that there is nothing that could excite envy in his breast. Yet for the past eight years Charlie Chaplin has been envious and the situation has been caused by the length of the productions in which he has been starred.

His productions have been on the average two reels in length; and as he puts it himself:

"I am like the fellow that would drive a Tin Lizzie in an endurance race. It is more than probable that the Tin Lizzie would come in ahead yet all the admiration would go to the heavier and more impressive cars."

Almost since the beginning of his screen career the comedian has had a plot in mind which carried a role he wanted to play. Despite the strong comedy element in it, none of the producers for whom he was working would listen for a moment when he talked of a film six reels in length.

"Chaplin, your the tobacco that gives a theatre program pep," said one of them whom he had asked to produce his original story. "A little of you makes the whole show better

but three times as much might spoil it." Chaplin hung on to the story, however, and to the determination that some day it would be produced. The opportunity never came until he arranged his present contract with Associated First National Pictures, Inc. First National is not a producing company; it merely guarantees to stars and directors who do their own producing that it will buy the finished production, if it is up to standard, at a generous figure.

Chaplin erected his own studio, hired his own staff of actors and studio help and began work as a producer. He made enough short subjects to convince First National of his good faith and then dropped everything to begin work on the six-reel production the completion of which was the ambition of his life. The finished work has been hailed not only as the comedy triumph of the decade, but has acquired a high rank as a dramatic picture of sterling worth. For his ideal was "The Kid" First National's six reels of joy which is to be the attraction at the Empress Theatre next Wednesday and Thursday.

The overwhelming success of his venture into the feature-length field aroused a great deal of conjecture as to whether the famous comedian would ever again return to short subjects. The answer was given even before "The Kid" had been generally shown, in the announcement that Mr. Chaplin was back in his studio working on short subjects for release by



Thomas Meighan
"The Man Who Saw Tomorrow"
A Paramount Picture
Empress Monday and Tuesday.

Associated First National Pictures, Inc.

A recent visitor to the studio reminded the comedian of his remark, comparing the star of a short subject to the driver of a Tin Lizzie in an automobile race.

There was a chuckle of genuine amusement from Charlie.

"You know," he remarked smiling, "that the only man who can afford to be seen driving a Tin Lizzie is the one who doesn't have to. I like short subjects and intend to stick to them now that no one can say I have to do them in order to get by."

THOMAS MEIGHAN IS STAR IN A SUPERB PICTURE

Several Alien Lands and Isles Seen in "The Man Who Saw Tomorrow"

Picturesque isles of the South Seas, England, India—all these are embraced in the peculiar plot of Thomas Meighan's latest Paramount picture, "The Man Who Saw Tomorrow" which comes to the Empress Theatre for two days, beginning Monday next.

And some of the hardest acting that the good luck star has ever done is included in this story, which deals with a problem of divided affection in a most unusual manner.

An unusual cast surrounds the star. Leatrice Joy is leading woman. Eva Novak, June Elvidge, John Milner, Laurence Wheat, Theodore Roberts as a trick trader of the South Seas; Albert Roscoe, Alec Francis, Robert Brower—some of the best known names.

Several highly colorful sets in the East Indian sequence vie with the island views for beauty and picturesqueness. There are also New York episodes as well as in fashionable England. It is a distinctly cosmopolitan picture with a plot that is among the most original of a decade.

ROBERTS WEARS MONOCLE

As Piratical South Sea Trader in "The Man Who Saw Tomorrow"

Theodore Roberts has traded his famous laugh-provoking cigar for a monocle and a pair of pirate's boots! Mr. Roberts is seen as Captain Morgan Pring, a semi-piratical trader of the South Seas, in Thomas Meighan's latest Paramount picture, "The Man Who Saw Tomorrow," which will be the attraction at the Empress Theatre next Monday and Tuesday. Instead of the well-known cigar Roberts is armed with a monocle and through much of the picture he wages a losing battle against a pair of boots a size too small for him.

A cast reminiscent of Cecil B. DeMille's production of "Manlaugher," was selected for the picturization of "The Man Who Saw Tomorrow." The star—Thomas Meighan—and his leading woman, Leatrice Joy, headed the preceding DeMille cast. Theodore Roberts, Albert Roscoe, Alec Francis, Eva Novak, June Elvidge, John Milner—another member of the DeMille cast—Laurence Wheat, Robert Brower and Edward Patrick comprise the rest of this distinguished group.

CHAPLIN DESERTS BUFFOONERY FOR NEW ROLE

Rumors which have been current in the motion picture industry that Charlie Chaplin longed to forsake the field of buffoonery and appear in a dramatic role on the screen have been verified as having a substantial basis for the picture has been completed. The idea, however, that he would adopt the matinee idol make-up and attempt to make the public forget the character which is identified by his name all over the world is merely a mistaken idea engendered from the report that he was working in a dramatic picture.

The comedian has accomplished the impossible in his latest picture, "The Kid." First National's six reels of joy, which will be the attraction at the Empress Theatre next Wednesday and Thursday. Directors, previous employees and others associated with him in his screen career had pronounced it impossible—that he appear in his screen character in a semi-dramatic story and succeed in gaining sympathy as well as laughs from his audience in the plight which the plot developed. In "The Kid," however, according to critics and others who have seen

it, he accomplishes it. Charlie is there in the same character which has gained him the place as the world's most popular comedian, but in situations which combine an occasional sob with shrieks of laughter. Charlie becomes the guardian of a two week's old baby, and expends up on him all the love and devotion that any father could. His character, however, makes his every attempt a humorous circumstance, but the heart throbs are ever present in the main theme of the story.

BOSS RULE AND RING POLITICS ARE EXPOSED

The inside workings of small-town politics, not so different from boss rule and ring politics in the larger cities, are revealed in "The Family Honor," which will be shown at the Empress Theatre on Friday and Saturday. The picture is the first of King W. Vidor's pictures for the First National.

The mayor of the town, while openly belonging to the purity and morals leagues and other civic organizations, secretly runs the gambling dens and controls the vice district, collecting through his lieutenants whom he never recognizes openly.

All the secret machinations of a rotten political ring are exposed, as also is shown the ultimate detection of the boss and his ring leaders.

"The Family Honor" is the story of the romance of a beautiful Southern girl, daughter of an aristocratic but impoverished family, who puts her brother through college, only to find that he has turned out to be a scamp and a gambler. Caught in a raid in one of the gambling dens in a city wide clean-up, he is charged with the murder of an officer killed during the raid. The story of his escape from the hangman's noose, his final reformation and the wonderful love of the mayor's son for this girl is one that grips and holds the interest.

OLD SOUTHERN MANSION BEAUTY SPOTS IN PICTURE

Beautiful old colonial mansions of the South, with their spacious lawns, their old-fashioned flowers and wonderful trees, form the background for settings in "The Family Honor," King W. Vidor's first picture for First National, which will be shown at the Empress Theatre on Friday and Saturday.

These exteriors add beauty and interest to this thrilling story of a beautiful Southern girl, who is left alone with her two younger brothers, with their family fortune dissipated. She struggles along and manages to put the older boy through college before the last cent is exhausted.

Instead of the brother taking the reins and financing the family after he has finished school, he becomes an additional burden, believing that it is no part of a gentleman's duty to work. Finally comes the crisis when he is arrested for murder. But a surprising event happens which turns the tide, and the young Southern girl finds that her trials are ended.

SALARIES PAID FOR DARE-DEVIL EXPLOITS

Circus time approaches, preceded as usual by articles concerning the salaries paid the various star performers. Madison Square Garden is at present housing a circus that contains an unusual number of extra people who earn their living by extraordinary exertions. There is a woman for instance who is paid \$500 a week for an animal act, the feature of which is to wrestle and throw a jungle bred Bengal tiger. Since the lady weighs about one hundred pounds, and the tiger, at a moderate guess would weigh 300, it is difficult to understand how she is able to put him down. But she does it twice a day, six days a week, just because it is necessary, for the lady says that it would be extremely dangerous to permit the tiger to do her. She says that captured tigers are much easier to train than those born in captivity because they seem to have more intelligence. The domestic tiger which she wrestles occasionally tips her with his claws but this, she explains tolerantly, is the

circus. He would have become a famous rider had he remained in this branch, but he was so versatile—a singer, a mimic, a spontaneous comedian—that he became a clown. He received from \$500 to \$750 a week and in one season was paid \$27,000 by Adam Forepaugh. It is said that Rice made more money than any other circus performer of his time. He made several fortunes and at one time he owned the Walnut Street theatre in Philadelphia, but he had a weakness for whiskey and when he died in New York it was in a hall bedroom. One of his famous contemporaries was George L. Fox, the original Humpty Dumpty, a role he played in New York for 2,000 nights. Other noted clowns of that generation were Dan Gardner, John Gossin, Billie Burke, father of the actress of the same name Billy Waiet, and Al. Mingo, Shakespearean jester.

The Imitators

One of the unpleasant features of circus life for the most highly paid performers is the fact that their acts are quickly imitated, and unless they have the inventiveness to appear each season with new feats, they are apt to find half a dozen rivals who are ready to do their acts at cut prices. There is no monopoly of skill and daring; indeed one might say that there is hardly a limit to them. What one man has perfected, a score of others will attempt, and perhaps a dozen will succeed in accomplishing. But the pioneers are remembered in the profession if they are not distinguished from their imitators by the public. Every circus man knows that the first to turn a somersault on a galloping horse was James Robinson, a trick for which he received \$750 a week. The original Frank Melville was his rival as a rider and was the first circus performer to carry a boy on his head while racing around the ring on the back of a horse. Some of the earlier acrobats received high salaries, among them being Levi North, Dick Sands and George Kelly. On one occasion North turned thirty-seven somersaults in succession.

Daredevilry

The highest priced rider today is John Correia, a representative of the famous Lowande family that has been celebrated for three generations in the circus. He is said to receive \$450 a week for daredevil exploits on horseback. A performer who invented a new act was Chiro who turned a somersault on a bicycle to the accompaniment of \$750 a week. The well named Desperado dived from the top of the tent onto a runaway, landing on his chest, and introduced a new thrill, recompensed at the rate of \$500 weekly. Some of these acts are by no means as dangerous as they appear; that is they are not so dangerous to those who know how to do them. Their value lies in the fact that they thrill the spectators. For instance, the man who first thought of putting his head in a lion's mouth probably knew before he made the first experiment that he was not doing anything more dangerous than if he had been putting his head into a hat. Indeed, his employer must have been aware of the fact for he only increased his pay by \$25 a week for this stunt, which would work out to about \$2 a performance.



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The Best Place to Eat
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A full line of Tobaccos and Cigars---Pipes
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Ice Cream---Fruits in Season.

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JOE YOU and WOO DON, having purchased the Star Cafe, solicit a continuance of patronage.

FIRST-CLASS MEALS AND SERVICE

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If You Have Broken a Lens,—We Can Duplicate it no Matter Where You Got it.

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EMPRESS PROGRAMME

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"THE FAMILY HONOR"

A First National attraction

with

FLORENCE VIDOR and

ROSCOE KEARNS

A romance of the South that

thrills with life

ELMO LINCOLN and

LOUISE LORRAINE

in

"THE ADVENTURES OF

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Also Comedy

"THE UPPER CUT"

MONDAY AND TUESDAY

THOMAS MEIGHAN and

LEATRICE JOY

and THEODORE ROBERTS

in

"THE MAN WHO SAW TO-

MORROW"

Political Life in England. Ad-

ventures in the South Seas and

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Also PATHE COLOR REVIEW

WEDNESDAY -- THURSDAY

At Last the Special Super

Comedy

CHARLES CHAPLIN and

JACKIE COOGAN in

"THE KID"

6 REELS OF JOY

Also Century Two-Reel Comedy

AN ALL COMEDY PROGRAM

Starts at 8 p.m. Sharp

PRICES:—Adults 40c, Child-

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COMING SOON!

CONSTANCE TALMADGE

in

The John Emerson—Anita Loos

Feature Comedy

"IN SEARCH OF A SINNER"

DRAY & TRANSFER

Prompt and Efficient Service

McLaughlin Cars

H. H. YOUNG

Agricultural Society Concert and Dance

Last night in the Town Hall the Macleod Agricultural Society held one of their enjoyable concert entertainments. The programme as usual was varied and the audience showed their appreciation by the number of encores called for.

The large orchestra under the able leadership of Mr. John A. Edgar, deserve special praise for the number of spirited and well rendered selections they gave during the evening.

The individual soloists deserved the hearty applause which they all received, and some new voices were heard for the first time on a Macleod platform and were very much appreciated. Miss Molly Griffin again delighted the audience with one of her cello solos, and received a well deserved encore.

Mr. A. V. Harris favoured the audience with a quaint, old-fashioned recitation which all seemed to enjoy.

Those who had not already seen the boys and girls in their drills and exercises were certainly highly pleased with their performances. Mrs. M. Hill and Mrs. F. Morris deserve great credit for the splendid manner in which they had trained their girls in the Indian drill. It was well rendered and the effect was very pretty with the colored lights.

Too much cannot be said in praise of the demonstration of Health Records so ably put on by Mr. A. D. Ferguson and his band of boys. These physical exercises ought to be in every school. In watching closely the various exercises gone through last night it was observed that at one time or another nearly every muscle of the body was brought into play. When these exercises are considered in this way, it stands to reason what a splendid development it must be for the young bodies of the boys and girls. The cost of putting these records into every school is very small when compared with the amount of pleasure and benefit the children would receive.

The Indian Drill and the Health Record performance were greatly improved with the colored spot lights kindly put on by Mr. Clark, photographer.

Last, but not least on the program were the sketches given by Mr. C. K. Underwood. Needless to say, Mr. Underwood was in his usual good form and delighted the audience with three old and new sketches in his usual inimitable style, sketches which he has never given in Macleod before.

The audience was not so large as it might have been, and considering the work the Society is doing for the town and district in bringing in and circulating a considerable amount of Exide money every year, the officers feel that they are not always getting the support they should in their efforts to make the work a success, and put the Society on a sound financial basis.

Mr. Hammersley presided at the concert in his usual efficient manner.

Miss Muir's Recital is a Musical Treat

At the recital by some of Miss Muir's pupils in the Parish Hall on Saturday, April 14th, the following program was rendered:

1. The 'Cello Mattingly Bertha Noel
2. Cinderella Atherton Mary Burke
3. In Gypsy Land Adams Grace Bremner
4. In a Gondola Heins John Watson
5. Tambo Dance Engleman Mabel Young
6. Mountain Fleece Kern Lenore Bremner
7. Russian Mazurka Goerdeler Dorothy Mackintosh
8. Minuet in G Beethoven Gwen Hilliard
9. Humoreske Dvorak Irene McFarquhar
10. First Movement of Moonlight Sonata Beethoven Loretta Wall
11. Spinning Song from Flying Dutchman Wagner Edna Thompson
12. Pizzicati Delibes Jean Hilliard
13. Spanish Waltz Engleman Margaret Shields
14. Waltz Chopin Claudine Gardiner
15. Fantasia on Il Trovatore Dorn Clifford Whipple
16. Sextet from Lucia di Lammermoor Sawyer Miss Genge and Jean Hilliard
17. Swallows' Gossip Oestero Marjorie Ringland
18. Rustle of Spring Sinding Miss Gillen

In addition Miss Gillen played a scale in rhythm at which four notes to a count was played at M.M. 144, and an expression scale in which with a relaxed arm, the weight of the arm from the shoulder was allowed to fall on notes played one to a count, the weight of the arm from the elbow two notes to a count, the weight of the hand only three notes to a count and the fingers only four notes to a count. Miss Gillen also played a scale in which to one count one hand played three notes and the other two, and one hand played three notes and the other hand four notes to one count.

There was a large and appreciative audience and very favorable comments were made on the variety of tone, the expression, and the exact time of the piece played.

SPY WHO TRAILED THE THE AMERICAN REDS

enters the lists of fame as one of the most successful detectives of the day. It was he who wormed his way into the very heart of the United States, and gathered the evidence on which William E. Foster, and thirty one others, were recently put on trial at St. Joseph, Michigan, on a charge of plotting to overthrow the American government by force. The jury in the case disagreed and Foster and the others may not be tried again; at any rate they regard the disagreement as virtually an acquittal, and probably the government regards it as a reverse. But the ordinary reader of evidence would have little trouble in making up his mind that Foster and his associates believe that only by such methods as prevailed in Russia is the present Government to be overthrown. It may be even an acquittal will have appreciably the same effect upon the Communist movement on this continent as a conviction, perhaps a more beneficial result. Had there been a conviction, other enthusiasts would have sprung up to take the places of the imprisoned comrades. Now the comrades have to ask themselves whether they would run the risk of a second time. The answer is likely to be in the negative.

Other Spies in High Places
They know that Francis Morrow, an agent of the Department of Justice, was able to join their ranks and work his way up until he was one of the two score who stood closest to the secrets of the party. They know, too, that other government agents have worked as high, or even higher, although the government did not find it necessary or advisable to produce them as witnesses. There was a sec-

ret meeting after Morrow had been revealed, and a correct report of it was produced by the prosecution, thus indicating that somebody even more highly placed than he was a government agent. There are fears that one of the sacred ten of the Central Executive Committee is a Federal detective, and it is well known that fears, even when they are unfounded, are quite as terrifying as those that have a solid basis. So that the government may not be amiss in assuming that a slump in the Communist movement is due, and that the plan for establishing an American Soviet has been once more postponed. Until a year or two ago these Communists met openly and advocated an overthrow of the government by force. Prosecutions, raids and deportations drove the movement underground, where Morrow, who had posed as a radical Socialist, accompanied it. Camouflage was used by the American Reds forming a so-called Workers' Party which should be within the law, but which would be secretly controlled by the illegal Communist Party of America. In full affiliation with the Third Internationale, and receiving instructions from Moscow.

SHELBY GETS THE BIG FIGHT

Salt Lake, April 18.—Arrangements for a world's heavyweight championship fight between Jack Dempsey, the champion, and Tommy Gibbons, of St. Paul, have been completed and the fight will be held at Shelby, Mont., July 4, it was announced here last night, by Eddie Kane, manager of T. Gibbons.
Representatives of the two fighters have agreed to all the terms for the fight and only the signatures of the principals remain to be affixed to the articles, according to Kane.



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THE LONG-LIFE BATTERY FOR YOUR CAR

THE SALVATION ARMY Has Ever Been A Great Reconstructing Force

Broken things have ever been held in its heart and cared for by its hand. Remnants in Life's struggle have been prized and remade in wondrous fashion.

Experience has equipped it for the work of this hour. It has ministered to the troops in a way which has called forth the unqualified confidence and affection of our Armies.

It came into being for the purpose of reconstructing broken lives, and has carried on its work with phenomenal success. Look at this record of service for reconstructing humanity.

Its Rescue Work is reconstruction, for the fallen and outcast of our cities. 85 per cent. of the cases handled by the Army have turned out well.

Prison work has brought about the reconstruction of thousands of the criminal classes. Redeemed lives testify to this fact.

Men's Social Work for the down-and-out judiciously and kindly done has remade the lives of multitudes. Poor Relief Work has reconstructed the prosperity of great numbers of families.

Inebriates' Homes, Children's Homes, and Maternity Hospitals. Farm Colonies, Criminal Tribe Settlements in India, Loper Work in Java, and countless other agencies have been working reconstructing and reconstructing maimed humanity the world over.



**This is the Week
of the Annual
Self-Denial
Appeal**

of the SALVATION ARMY.

The occasion when, once in the year, all over the world, the ARMY asks business men, business houses, and all those who are able, to help carry on the world-wide charitable work of the ARMY, here as well as elsewhere.

Your contribution is an investment in Practical Christianity.

The MACLEOD TIMES

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STANDING OF CONTESTANTS

SAT., APRIL 14th, AT 6 O'CLOCK P.M.

	Votes or Points
Anna Barr	1,646,500
Mrs. N. W. Dilatush	1,421,500
Martha Hamilton	1,303,500
Mrs. T. Peterson	1,001,250
June Leavitt	652,000
Vera Benson	336,500
Tommy Mackintosh	41,000
Betty Warren	28,000
Mabel Dersch	10,000
A. Champneys	3,000

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THE MACLEOD TIMES

THE MACLEOD TIMES

AND MACLEOD WEEKLY NEWS
C. J. Dillingham and J. Dillingham,
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S. Dillingham, Manager and Editor.

A weekly newspaper printed and published at Macleod, Alberta, every Thursday.
(Independent in Politics)

Subscription price (in advance)
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Notices of marriages, Births, Deaths, and Cards of Thanks, each \$1.00

All classified and transient advertising must be paid in advance.

THURSDAY, APRIL 19th, 1923

U. S. FARM CREDIT

The new Agricultural Credits Act passed on the last day Congress met is soon to come into effect in the United States. It is a scheme of much importance, and ought to be watched closely in this country. It is supplementary to the Farm Loan system operated through the Federal Land Banks. This Land Bank system had, at the end of last November, lent

\$222,329,000 to American farmers on mortgages, from 5 to 40 years, at a maximum of 6 per cent. per annum. The new Act will provide an intermediate set of banks, attached to the Federal Land banks, to lend to farmers' co-operative associations, and to discount farmers' notes to regular banks, and carry them from six months to three years.

There are twelve Federal Land banks, and will be twelve Farm Credit banks attached to them under the same management. The Federal government provides \$5,000,000 capital to each one, and the Act authorizes these regional banks to issue debentures against the farmers' notes discounted. The interest charged by the intermediate bank must not exceed by more than one per cent. the interest paid on debentures issued, and the farmer who borrows must not be charged more than one and a half per cent. above the interest charged by the intermediate credit bank. The idea of discounting farmers' notes put in to the regular banks is, in effect the application of the commercial discount idea to agriculture. It would assuredly relieve the small local banks of a great financial burden. The question of whether notes issued in a bulk by farmers, and passed on to the government intermediate bank, might not show heavy losses is apparently not taken seriously. Certainly, the providing of temporary accommodation around a revolving fund of some hundreds of millions, for crop marketing should help agriculture materially. The farmer has, as a rule, been limited to six and nine months' credit at the bank, but now he can establish a current credit of three years.

The small Canadian credit systems operated provincially, are not providing accommodation that is of much service to Canadian farming. The chartered banks have given fairly generous credit to farmers, especially in the west, but interest charges are high, and credit is none too secure. If plenty of markets were assured for western products, financing would come easy, but no system of government credits can make farming pay without the obtaining of markets that afford profits to sellers.

RUSSIAN CHILDREN

Since there is apparently a censorship in Russia, only such communications as may have the approval of the Bolshevik government are allowed to reach the outside world, until the correspondents have left and can write with freedom outside. It is only through the tales of the returned travellers and from official government reports that the world can learn what is taking place. Some of the latter are to be distrusted because of the obvious fact that they are intended as propaganda, but this cannot be said of an extraordinary report for the year 1920, issued by Anatol Lunach-

sky, Soviet Minister of Public Instruction. This report is the subject of an article in the April North American Review, by Vladimir Semenov, a distinguished Russian exile. From this report it is plain that the proper education of the Russian children is either no important part of the Soviet government's duties, as it conceives them, or that it has been amazingly bungled through either inefficiency or absolute poverty. That Lenin and Trotsky do not wish the children to have such educational advantages as were open to them under the Czar is a reasonable inference from their known hostility to the Russian "intellectuals." The latter have been as resolutely persecuted as have the bourgeoisie, with the exception of those men of learning whose sympathies were strongly Communist and who were willing to devote their talents to purposes directed by Lenin and Trotsky.

According to this official report, the Russian Common schools made requisition for each pupil for each half year for thirty sheets of writing paper, three pencils, seventeen pens, one penholder, one inkwell and six copybooks. It is difficult to believe that this outfit would have been nearly sufficient, but obviously inadequate as it was the requisition was filled only to the extent of one sheet of paper for every fifteen pupils, one pencil for sixty, one pen for twenty-one, one penholder for twelve, one copybook for two, and one inkwell for a hundred. The Commissioner reported that in fourteen provinces all the teachers were pauperized while in other provinces they were pauperized to the extent of from 30% to 40%. He declared that lack of local funds and support by the central government is plunging Russia into a state of Asiatic barbarism, while even the Soviet organ, "Izvestia," says that a wave of darkness and ignorance is sweeping the country. Concerning the homes maintained by the government for orphans and abandoned children an official report of the Eighth Soviet Congress reads as follows:

"The children's homes offer a ghastly sight. . . . One bed had to do for six children, or else they slept on the bare floor, on bundles of straw or wood shavings, which reek with vermin which are eating the children alive. There are no dishes. The children eat out of some dirty conserve cans or tins which contained axle grease and which they pick up in the streets. . . . There were issued one pair of light foot-wear for thirty-nine children, one pair of socks for 264, one pair of felt boots for 312 and one blanket for 3,124 children. In the summer time the children would be simply stripped naked to have their underwear washed; but in the winter their underwear would remain unchanged for three or four months. . . . The older children are addicted to all kinds of vices."

Of all the crimes of the Soviet, perhaps those against the children are the most terrible, and will be the last to be forgiven.

AUSTRALIA'S NAVY

The Australian government has decided to discard all of its navy except two or three small cruisers, and a few destroyers and submarines. The battle cruiser Australia, of 18,800 tons goes, and the cruiser Sydney of 5,400 tons. This leaves the Melbourne, Encounter and Brisbane. The effect of disposing of 24 units will be to abandon Australian naval defence almost entirely, except as it may be afforded by the general power of the remaining British fleet.

Heavy expenses is undoubtedly the reason for this sudden shift of Australian policy. The reduction of the British navy, by the Washington treaty, the ten-year naval agreement with Japan, and the general prospect of peaceful conditions in the Pacific have induced Australians to believe that economy has first claim. But Australia is influenced in this decision by the palpable failure of other Dominions to respond to the call for an Empire navy, in which each of the other units would participate, either by a local fleet, or by some contribution toward a centralized fleet. New Zealand gave a battleship which saw service in the British fleet during the war, but Canada's "navy" of one light cruiser, and two destroyers and two submarines, might as well be on the uncommissioned list. With Australia dispersing its fleet, the only real Dominion navy in the Empire disappears. The British government has been sharply taken to task for permitting the reduction of the British navy to go so far. Many experts believe it has been weakened, by retirements and scrapings, far below even the Washington standard. The quarrel still on between the "airplane and submarine" advocates and the "capital ship" believers has to be settled before any strong policy of reconstruction can be adopted. Apart from two new battleships of 38,000 tons there will be no major British warship construction for the period of the Washington treaty.

BUSINESS OF LORDS DONE BY A HANDFUL

Lord Newton a short time ago spoke strongly in rebuke of those members of the Upper Chamber who rarely put in an appearance, and warned them that they were prejudicing the fate of that institution. A short time before, Lord Phillimore advocated a scheme whereby absentee Lords should be expelled. He pointed out that while the House has a membership of more than 700 the average attendance does not exceed fifty, and that frequently there are not enough present to constitute a quorum. To remedy this he proposed that no peer on succeeding to a hereditary title or on receiving one from the Crown should become entitled to the royal writ of summons, until such time as he had taken his seat, unless he gives an undertaking to attend the House regularly for five years and to sit on committees unless employed otherwise in the service

WHAT MADE ME HAPPY

"I was congratulating myself that I had passed the winter without catching a cold, when I got one at the beginning of last May. It was because I was run down. Being run down I had some trouble in getting rid of this cold. I was a nervous wreck. I would wake up regularly mornings feeling that some terrible calamity would take place. Although we were comfortably off, I felt sure my husband was going to lose everything. The children worried me. If they made the least noise, I would get into a terrible temper. I would scold them so that I am sure they hated me. I would be mad with myself after it was over and make up my mind never to let it happen again. I would go to bed at night and begin to think and picture dreadful things which might happen to me and my family. I would lay awake for hours, sometimes until daylight, until I was so weak I had I could scarcely raise my head. I would wake next day just as tired as when I laid down. After a while I got so that I didn't care what happened. The children annoyed me and I wouldn't have cared if they had left me for good. I felt that it was only a matter of time before I would lose my mind. I knew that my symptoms were due to a run down condition and that if I could only get something to build me up, I might be all right. I knew that there must be some good tonic but most of them made such foolish claims that I was afraid of them. Happening one day to run across a leaflet about Carnol, I was impressed with the moderate way this preparation was described, so I made up my mind I would try it. I did and today I am the happiest and healthiest woman living. I haven't a care in the world. Instead of running away from me, my children are now with me all the time. My husband tells me that my disposition is as near an angel's as any human being's can be, but of course he is prejudiced. I don't believe I have a nerve in my body now."

Carnol is sold by your druggist, and if you can conscientiously say, after you have tried it, that it hasn't done you any good, return the empty bottle to him and he will refund your money. 6-22

SOLD BY R. D. McNAVY

of the Crown. At the present moment there are about 200 peers who have never even troubled to take their seats, through unwillingness to devote their time to the service of the Crown or the nation.

According to Frederick Cunliffe Owen, it is only when some vital issue presents itself which threatens the class the Lords are supposed particularly to represent that there is a large attendance in the House. Then the members suddenly appear from all sorts of places, even from asylums to record their votes. The fact that Lords whose sanity is impaired are permitted to vote is not generally known. Nor are many critics aware that a hereditary legislator can only be deprived of his vote through ineptness and attitudinizing. In the Commons, a member who becomes bankrupt is automatically expelled, and conviction of a felony involves formal expulsion as in the recent case of Horatio Bottomly. The Lords are not affected by such things, for a convicted Lord if he happened to be on bail would have the same right to vote as before his misfortune. On the other hand, there exists an ancient law which the Marquis of Salisbury sought to apply on one occasion and would have done so but for the strong prejudice of Queen Victoria, which might prevent any Lord from appearing in the Gilded Chamber. That concerns the writ of summons.

This writ is issued from the Crown bearing the royal sign manual. No peer could take his seat without that summons. It has been held for the past 300 years that this call is a prerogative of the sovereign and that there is no power that can compel the issue of such a writ if the Crown chooses to withhold it. Thus there already exists a means by which a considerable measure of reform might be

L.O.O.F. Church Parade

All Oddfellows are requested to attend a special meeting of Mountain View Lodge, No. 4, L.O.O.F., at the Lodge room,

Sunday, April 29th 1923
at 7 p.m. Sharp

For the purpose of attending the Anniversary Services, in the Anglican Church. All visiting Brothers welcome.

H. C. LEWIS, N.G.
RICHARD W. RUSSELL, P.G.
Rec. Sec'y.

L.O.O.F. Church Parade

All members of Macleod Encampment No. 16, L.O.O.F., are requested to attend a Special Meeting in L.O.O.F. Hall

Sunday, April 29th 1923
at 7 p.m. Sharp

for the purpose of attending Anniversary Services in conjunction with Mountain View Lodge No. 4.

W. G. ANDREWS, C.P.
RICHARD W. RUSSELL, P.C.P.
Rec. Sec'y.

brought about by the Government, bent on reforming the Lords, without the introduction of new legislation on the subject. It is most unlikely that any reforms will be made until there happens to be a Labor Government, and Labor is committed to the principle of making the House elective. That it is partly elective is often overlooked. The Scotch peers, numbering sixteen, who are entitled to seats in the Lords, are elected for each new Parliament by the full membership of Irish nobility, while the Irish peers, numbering twenty-eight, are elected for life by the full membership of Irish nobility. Of course, many Labor leaders are in favor of the abolition of the House of Lords, but any such drastic reform is not likely to occur.

Reform Proposals
Suggestions for reform have been rife for the past fifty years, a notable one being presented by a joint parliamentary committee presided over by Lord Bryce. Its suggestions were not congenial to the Upper House and no attempt was made to put them into practice. Perhaps the pithiest objection to the Bryce scheme was voiced by Lord Willoughby de Broke, who said that the only principle on which one could found any institution whether it was the monarchy, the Lords, or a pack of fox hounds, was the hereditary one. Yet it is the hereditary principle that is most strongly objected to by those who dislike the Lords. The Lords are not objected to because they are suspected of legislating unwisely. Even their critics admit that, generally speaking, there is to be found a greater amount of wisdom, patriotism and culture in the Upper House than in the Lower, a fact whose probability is indicated by the promotion to peerages of men who have distinguished themselves in statesmanship and philanthropy.

Respect the People
Nor have the Lords been, as a rule, mere thwarters of the Commons. As Mr. Cunliffe Owens points out, bills that are rejected in the Upper House are, for the most part, bills that were passed by narrow majorities or by means of political trickery in the Commons. Certainly the Lords have not been defiers of the will of the people when expressed at the polls, and in cases where bills have shown increasing strength in the Lower House the Upper House, though it may originally have opposed them, has yielded in the end. It is also to be noted that rarely is the word "politician" used contemptuously about a member of the Lords, while it is only too frequently applied to members of the House of Commons. The Lords have their important place in the British system of government and in all probability will continue to hold it.

GOOD FOR SOUTHERN ALBERTA

Tons of choice milk-fed turkeys and chickens were shipped out of Southern Alberta last fall to Montreal, Toronto, Vancouver, Seattle, Spokane, and Tacoma. Never have shipments to outside markets been so heavy and never has the quality been better. One farmer, who shipped some 900 fowl to Montreal this season, expects to increase his surplus stock to 2,000 by next Christmas. Alberta in the near future will be able to raise on its irrigated lands all the corn, peas and other vegetables for canning that are now being imported into the province, according to Hon. George Hoadley. 6-2

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Price inclusive postage, etc., encased in silver and gold, each, \$1.40, (Dox. \$10); \$2, (Dox. \$15); and \$4.80, (Dox. \$45), respectively. Cash with order. Complete instructions on how to get the best results with each Charm.

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CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

LOST—Two white faced bay mares, weight about 1600, branded reversed D with Y, and reversed B with H on the left thigh, both brands on each horse. Disappeared from Macleod on April 3rd, and thought to be heading north. Suitable reward for information leading to their recovery. T. H. Hatch, Slavey, Phone 1106. 7-11

TO RENT—One house on Seventeenth Street West; one house on Eighteenth Street; and one house on Nineteenth Street between Fourth and Fifth Avenues; also furnished apartments. Apply A. T. Leather, Macleod. 7-11

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OVERLAND 85 touring car for sale. Has been completely overhauled and put in first-class condition. Cheap for cash. Apply Vernon Pearson, Macleod. 3-11

POSITION WANTED.—Capable young lady wishes general housework. Can also sew. For more information Phone 195. 7-11

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FARM WANTED.—To hear from owner of good farm for sale. State cash price, full particulars. D. F. Bush, Minneapolis, Minn. 6-12

ROOM AND BOARD.—Apply Mrs. F. McLean, Eighteenth Street. 6-21

FARM FOR SALE

320 acres—The West half of Section 22, in Township 8, Range 26, West of the 4th Meridian, Alberta. One mile from Macleod. All fenced, running spring, house, stable, granary and out-buildings. Offers for purchase to be mailed to L. F. Clarry, Esq., K.C., Master in Chambers, Court House, Calgary, on or before the 7th day of May, 1923. Terms 10% cash, 15% in 60 days, without interest, balance in 1, 2 and 3 years with 8% interest. For full information apply Lent, Mackay & Mann, Barristers, Calgary. O.K.: L. F. C. 6-31

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Prime Rolled Roast, per lb., 15c
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LOCAL FED MUTTON

Legs Mutton 28c
Loins Mutton 28c
Shoulder Mutton 22c
Prime Beef Dripping, 2 lbs., 25c
Shamrock Brand Bacon, whole or half, 45c
Shamrock Pea Meal Bacon, whole or half, 45c
Shamrock Ham, per lb., 32c

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FREE ACCOMMODATION IF WE KEEP YOU WAITING

FOR EVERY BUSHEL No. 1 WHEAT WE GIVE:—

FLOUR 38 lbs.
BRAN 12 lbs.
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30c per bushel for Grinding.

Will accept Elevator Storage Tickets on Alberta Pacific Grain Company—Macleod or other points—which saves long hauling.

Farmer must come to Stand Off Mill for grist.

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TELEGRAPHIC

(Continued from Page One)

that, should the execution be proceeded with "Emperor Pick" will require the help of strong opiates in order to face the moment of execution.

But Mrs. Lassandro is made of sterner stuff. When told that the appeal had been refused in Ottawa, she smiled wanly and said: "That's about what I expected." This is typical of her whole demeanor as she awaits her doom. If the worst comes, it is believed, she will face it bravely. Money is not being spared in the fight to save the lives of the two. Picarillo, with his hundreds of thousands made in bootlegging in the Crow's Nest, is not hoarding it. It is being poured into Montreal by letter and by wire to aid McKinley Cameron in his last effort to save his clients from the gallows. But, the time is growing short. May 2nd is only two weeks off, and already the jail authorities at Port Saskatchewan are at work on the preliminary details preparatory to the double execution, which will involve the hanging of the first woman to pay the extreme penalty in Canada in two score years.

REFERENDUM ON TEMPERANCE ACT WITHIN TEN MONTHS

Edmonton, April 18.—There will be a referendum on the Temperance Act submitted by petition of 51,000 electors of the province some time during the coming summer or fall, not sooner than three months nor later than ten months from Monday, April 16.

By a surprise vote, which did not go to a recorded division, and which came immediately after the premier moved his resolution to that effect, as members of the House took their seats for the evening session Monday the legislature decided that a plebiscite on the Beer Act should be granted.

The motion of Premier Greenfield was the first of the three resolutions set forth in his statement to the House dealing with the liquor issue. Immediately the resolution was read by the premier came the call for the "question" which on being put was declared carried by viva voce vote.

That does not mean that there is going to be no debate on the liquor question in all its phases, however. There are still two resolutions to be set upon. The first calls for the expression of opinion as to whether a referendum of another ballot and on a series of questions dealing with the handling of liquor, shall be put on the same day. The second calls for a committee of five members from all sides of the House to decide on the form of the second ballot, should it be decided to grant one.

Immediately after the resolution

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moved by the premier was carried, he moved the second of the three resolutions but Hon. Mr. Boyle, leader of the opposition, objected that the required 24 hours notice had not been given. Premier Greenfield concurred in the objection, but stated that the resolution would be moved immediately after the House sits at three o'clock Tuesday. It is then that the real debate on the Liquor Act is expected to break and the division of the House "wet" or "dry" will be staged. From the way in which Premier Greenfield and W. M. Davidson were applauded on Monday afternoon, it appears to be good forecasting to say that the House favors a general referendum as well as the plebiscite and that the two votes are to be taken on the same day.

Edmonton, April 17.—When the people of Alberta, some time this summer or fall vote on the Temperance Act for the sale of beer, they will cast their votes also on another ballot to decide whether or not they desire any other form of liquor control, or a continuance of the present liquor act.

The much-mooted question of whether a double referendum should be taken was settled about nine o'clock Tuesday night when the members of the legislature decided by 42 to 15 that a referendum on other question be taken in accordance with the following motion moved by Premier Greenfield: "That in order to obtain an adequate expression of the opinion of the electors on the whole question of the regulation of the sale of liquor in this province and to avoid as far as may be a further referendum in the near future, it is, in the opinion of this house, desirable that alternative questions based on other forms of liquor legislation should be submitted by plebiscite at the same time as the referendum on the proposed temperance act."

The division came at the close of a speech by Premier Greenfield in which he strongly advocated that a definite mandate, fresh from the people be secured on the liquor question this year. Hon. Mr. Brownlee, attorney-general, who is in charge of the administration of the liquor act, also spoke strongly in favor of holding a plebiscite on the same day as the referendum on the temperance act is taken. These two speeches no doubt swung the house strongly for that plan, as the vote shows, as it had generally been thought that the vote would be closer and a few days ago it appeared that the members would vote only for the submission of the temperance act.

Premier Greenfield announced in his closing speech that he would favor a preferential vote on the second ballot, but that was a matter for the members to decide.

Hon. J. R. Boyle, Hon. Mr. Mitchell and Hon. Cote all voted for the wide referendum, along with all members on the cabinet benches. Party lines, however, were generally disregarded by the private members.

Following the acceptance of the referendum motion the house plunged into another lengthy debate on the premier's proposal in another motion that a committee from all parties in the house be named by himself to draw up the proposed questions on the second ballot and submit them to the house with recommendations as to the style of ballot which should be taken.

KING EDWARD ADEPT AT MAKING FRIENDS

In commenting upon the action of King George in inviting to Buckingham Palace several labor leaders, F. Cunliffe Owen remarks that the King was schooled in the art of making friends, by his father, and he tells a delightful incident of the latter when as Prince of Wales he had an opportunity of conquering Anthony Mundella, who had been for many years the leader of the extreme radical or even Republican party in Great Britain. Mundella was born in England, the son of an exiled Carbonari, and had become member of parliament for Sheffield. Nothing so pleased him as denunciations of the Royal Family, and in parliament he must hitherto and in parliament he was always the first and most bitter in attacking any proposal to grant money to any member of it. One day the Prince and Princess of Wales happened to pass through Sheffield on their way to Scotland, and there was a stop of ten minutes while the engines were being changed. The Prince learned that Mundella was on the platform to meet a friend and also that he was billed to make one of his popular speeches (anti-royalist) that day. So he dispatched one of his aides to summon Mr. Mundella, and when he appeared shook hands with him most heartily and presented him to the Princess who was unusually gracious.

Mr. Mundella Conquered
"I hear, my dear Mr. Mundella, that you are about to deliver one of your eloquent addresses to your constituents this afternoon," said the Prince. "I do wish that you would oblige both the Princess and me by availing yourself of that opportunity to inform the good people of Sheffield how sorry we are not to be able to stay here for a few days on our way north, and that you would tell them with what pleasure we look back to the loyal and enthusiastic demonstrations with which they welcomed us on the occasion of our last visit."

At that moment the engine whistled the bell clanged and the royal special moved out of the station, Mundella bowing low in response to the friendly smiles and waves of the hand from the Prince and Princess. That same afternoon he staggered his constituents by appearing before them in the role of an emissary from royalty instead of in that of its most bitter assailant. On rising to address the meeting, he began, "Gentlemen and ladies, I have been commissioned by their Royal Highnesses, the Prince and Princess of Wales, to communicate to you the following gracious message," which he then proceeded to deliver in

his most unctuous and sententious manner.

Became a Tory

After such an opening it was obviously out of the question to expect him to deliver one of his customary diatribes against royalty, and, like Basil of old, he blessed those whom he had started out to curse. From that time forth Anthony Mundella's political sentiments underwent a considerable change. The ex-factory boy became a frequent visitor, and then a welcome guest at Marlborough House, and in a short time grew so much reconciled to the doctrines of monarchy, that he abandoned his hopes of a future presidency of an eventual British republic to become a Privy Councillor to Queen Victoria. He subsequently held office as Cabinet Minister in one of the Gladstone administrations, and died at heart a bigoted Tory, after quarrelling with most of his Liberal associates. Writing in the New York Times Mr. Cunliffe Owen tells of the friendship for Sir Charles Dilke, which it might have been to the former's advantage to make in the first place but which was certainly a great stronghold for Dilke later on. Dilke in the late sixties and early seventies was an anti-monarchist and his utterances in the House of Commons were of the most revolutionary description. Since he was a man of unusual gifts and influence, his speeches could not be dismissed as the idle ravings of a Hyde Park demagogue and it is quite possible that they caused the Royal Family some uneasiness.

Kindness to Dilke

The Prince contrived to bring about a chance meeting with Dilke and in the course of their conversation found that they had many things in common, especially a strong predilection for the French. This acquaintance ripened into friendship, which later on was to prove extremely valuable to Dilke, for there came a time in the late eighties when he was overwhelmed by disgrace, which in the opinion of Mr. Owen, was not merited. At any rate it was sufficient to make his old acquaintances and friends cut him when he made his first appearance in public, after his enforced retirement. He chose to ride in Hyde Park, only to be met by cold looks or averted faces from those who had recently been his intimates. But the Prince of Wales caught sight of him, and cantering up shook his hand warmly and continued to ride by his side chatting cordially, as proof that at least there was one who believed in the persecuted statesman. The Prince's example influenced others, and the ostracism on Dilke was removed.

It was due to the Prince's influence too, that Queen Victoria was dissuaded from her purpose of removing Dilke's name from the roster of the Privy Council, and on succeeding to the throne one of the earliest acts of King Edward was to place Sir Charles and Lady Dilke on the list of those who had the highly prized prerogative of entrance to Buckingham Palace. The Prince of Wales also went out of his way to cultivate Gambetta, at the time when the latter while the most

influential man in France was persona non grata with both the President and Premier of France, a fact which precluded the British ambassador from cultivating his acquaintance. The Prince of Wales, however, on a visit to Paris, arranged a private meeting through Mr. Cunliffe Owen who was one of Gambetta's immediate friends. The ensuing friendship between the two men is said to have marked the beginning of the disappearance of the anti-British feeling in France.

WHY HE COULDN'T PAY HIS MORTGAGE

The farmer is apt to figure that he is the ONLY one that is kept awake at nights wondering whether or not he will be left with his shirt when the lumberman and other eager collectors are through with him.

As an alibi this is the duck's quack. A certain mortgagor upon receiving a request to send a cheque to cover his mortgage sent the following letter: "For the following reasons I am unable to send you the cheque asked for—I have been held up, held down, sandbagged, walked on, sat on, flattened out and squeezed; first by the Canadian government for the Federal War Tax, Excess Profits tax, Victory Loan Bonds, Thrift stamps, Capital Stock tax, Merchants' license and Aut tax, and by every society or organization that the inventive mind of man can invent to extract what I may or may not possess.

I have been solicited by the Society of John the Baptist, the G.W.V.A., the

7 reasons why you should demand them

Different and better
Stronger and safer
Keeps the match
Doesn't burn too fast
Will not blow after use
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MAPLE LEAF
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Women's Relief, the Navy League, the Red Cross, the Double Cross, the Boy Scouts, the Jewish Home, the Y.M.C.A., the Y.W.C.A., and every hospital in town, then on top of it all came the Associated Charities and the Salvation Army.

The government has so governed my business that I don't know who owns it. I am inspected, examined, re-examined, informed, required and commanded, so I don't know who I am or why I am here. All I know is I am supposed to be an inexhaustible supply of money for every known need, desire or hope of the human race, and because I will not sell all I have and go out and beg, borrow or steal money to give away, I have been cursed, discussed, boycotted, talked to, talked about, lied about, held up, hung up, robbed and nearly ruined, and the

only reason I am clinging to life is to see what in the hell is coming next."
—The Prairie Lumberman.

THE SALVATION ARMY

C.O., Captain Christie
11 a.m.—"Holiness Meeting."
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
7.30 p.m.—Salvation Meeting.
These meetings will be led on by Adjutant J. Hardy. All are invited.

An archaeologist has discovered fossil mosquitoes on the Gobi desert of mid-Asia, that are exactly like the modern brand prevailing in America. It is to be hoped that as a result of this discovery we may learn how to fossilize the Canadian variety. Better a stone mosquito in a museum than a live mosquito in your bed-room.

YOU HAVE BEEN WAITING FOR OUR BIG ONE CENT SALE HERE IT IS--BIGGER, BETTER THAN EVER

YOU KNOW THE PLAN---Buy one article at the regular price, and we will sell you another of the same article FOR ONE CENT

SALE ON THURS., FRI., SAT., APRIL 19th--20th--21st

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\$1.30 Scott's Emulsion, 2 for	\$1.31
\$1.25 Ferrovin, 2 for	\$1.26
\$1.25 Tono Phos Tonic, 2 for	\$1.26
75c Liquid Petrolatum, 2 for	76c
\$1.25 Redmac, 2 for	\$1.26
\$1.00 Syrup Hypophosphates, 2 for	\$1.01
\$1.00 Vinol, 2 for	\$1.01
75c Abbey's Salts, 2 for	76c
50c Syrup Tar & Cod Liver Oil, 2 for	51c
50c Zip Cough Cure, 2 for	51c
50c White Pine and Tar, 2 for	51c
35c Laxative Aspirin Tablets, 2 for	36c
35c Cold Tablets, 2 for	36c
25c Neural Liniment, 2 for	26c
25c Headache Wafers, 2 for	26c
25c Flg Pills, 2 for	26c
25c Box Cascara Tablets, 2 for	26c

STATIONERY

\$1.00 Pound Package Linen Paper, 2 for	\$1.01
60c Pound Package Linen Paper, 2 for	61c
\$1.00 Box Correspondence Cards, 2 for	\$1.01
85c Box Correspondence Cards, 2 for	86c
75c Box Correspondence Cards, 2 for	76c
\$1.00 Playing Cards, 2 for	\$1.01
60c Playing Cards, 2 for	61c
\$1.00 Box Paper and Envelopes, 2 for	\$1.01
50c Box Paper and Envelopes, 2 for	51c
40c Box Paper and Envelopes, 2 for	41c
35c Linen Writing Tablet, 2 for	36c
35c Linen Ladies' size, 2 for	36c
20c Linen Tablet, Note size, 2 for	21c
20c Linen Envelopes, 2 for	21c
15c Envelopes, 2 for	16c
10c Business Envelopes, 2 for	11c
50c Wire Trays, 2 for	51c
15c Venus Indelible Pencils, 2 for	16c

SCHOOL SUPPLIES

35c Black Covered Exercise Books, margin and lined, 2 for	36c
15c Exercise Books, 2 for	16c
10c Exercise Books, 2 for	11c
20c Waterman's Fountain Pen Ink, 2 for	21c
15c Carter's Fountain Pen Ink, 2 for	16c
35c Pencil Box, 2 for	36c
5c Exercise Books, 2 for	6c

DRUGS

\$1.00 Bottle Aspirin Tablets of 100 Tablets, 2 for	\$1.01
25c Box Aspirin Tablets, 2 for	26c
50c Bottle Castor Oil, 2 for	51c
50c Bottle Aromatic Cascara, 2 for	51c
50c Bottle Lysol, 2 for	51c
35c Box Lysol Powder, 2 for	36c
25c Bottle Tincture Iodine, 2 for	26c
10c Boracic Acid, 2 for	11c
10c Epsom Salts, 2 for	11c
10c Petroleum Jelly, 2 for	11c

SOAPS

25c Bar Castile Soap, 2 for	26c
75c Box, 3 cakes, Williams' Toilet Soap, 2 for	76c
25c Boracic and Cold Cream Soap, 2 for	26c
20c Cake Bath Soap, 2 for	21c
15c Royal Olive Soap, 2 for	16c
15c Lemon Soap, 2 for	16c
15c Winsome Soap, 2 for	16c
25c Tin Snap, 2 for	26c
15c Goblin Soap, 2 for	16c
10c Charmant Soap, 2 for	11c
10c Lemon Juice & Cornmeal, 2 for	11c
10c Ever Good, 2 for	11c
10c Glycerine & Cucumber, 2 for	11c
10c Hard Water Soap, 2 for	11c
5c Cake Castile Soap, 2 for	6c

HOUSEHOLD

\$2.50 Hot Water Bottle, 2-quart, guaranteed, 2 for	\$2.51
\$2.00 Vacuum Bottle, 2 for	\$2.01
75c Hospital A. Cotton, 2 for	76c
40c Absorbent Cotton, 2 for	41c
15c Absorbent Cotton, 2 for	16c
25c Dandelion Butter Color, 2 for	26c
75c White Ivory Combs, 2 for	76c
\$1.00 White Ivory Comb, 2 for	\$1.01
25c Black Fine Combs, 2 for	26c
25c Liquid Veneer, 2 for	26c
10c Toilet Paper, 2 for	11c
20c Ammonia Powder, 2 for	21c

TOILET PREPARATIONS

\$1.00 Bottle Florida Water, 2 for	\$1.01
50c Bottle Florida Water, 2 for	51c
50c Vaseline Face Powder, 2 for	51c
60c Elite Vanishing Cream, 2 for	61c
50c Peroxide Vanishing Cream, 2 for	51c
50c Lemon Cleansing Cream, 2 for	51c
35c Witch Hazel Cream, 2 for	36c
25c Violetta Cream, 2 for	26c
35c Ingram's Talcum, 2 for	36c
35c Melba Talcum, 2 for	36c
35c Medallion Talcum, 2 for	36c
35c Zedenta Tooth Paste, 2 for	36c
50c Tartar Edent Tooth Paste, 2 for	51c
25c Velour Powder Puffs, 2 for	26c

HAIR PREPARATIONS

65c Bottle Wises' Sage & Sulphur, 2 for	66c
50c Bottle Bay Rum, 2 for	51c
25c Bottle Coconut Oil, 2 for	26c
50c Bottle Crescent Coconut Oil Shampoo, 2 for	51c
50c Bottle Palmolive Shampoo, 2 for	51c
50c Bottle Lemon Shampoo, 2 for	51c

GENTS

\$1.00 Shaving Strop, 2 for	\$1.01
50c Vinolia Shaving Cream, Stick or Powder, 2 for	51c
60c Brillantine, 2 for	61c
\$1.50 French Briar Pipe, Sterling Mount, 2 for	\$1.51
50c Italian Briar Pipe, 2 for	51c

BOOKS

About 5 dozen copyright novels by Kyne, Rinehart, Dell, Baxter, and other popular authors, regular \$2.00 each, 2 for	\$2.01
75c Boys' and Girls' Books, various authors, 2 for	76c
25c Camp Fire Books, 2 for	26c

VETERINARY

\$1.50 Dr. Hess' Stock Tonic, 2 for	\$1.51
50c Pratts' Egg Producer, 2 for	51c

No Town Telephone or C. O. D. Orders During the Days of Sale, But Telephone Orders Will Be Accepted on Wednesday, the Day Immediately Preceding the Sale. Come Early.

A. D. FERGUSON
THE REXALL STORE — — — **MACLEOD**

CORRESPONDENCE

Seemingly discussion of matters of public interest is invited under the above heading. As an earnest of good faith and to insure publication, all communications to the editor must be signed by the contributor (nom de plume signature for publication if so desired). The editor of The Times is not responsible for opinions expressed or statements made under above heading; neither does he necessarily endorse or condemn such opinions or statements.

Dear Mr. Editor:—

The correspondent of the Lethbridge Daily Herald, in reporting a meeting of the Macleod Public School Board, makes the statement that I supported the reduction of \$1,000 from the school estimates as suggested by the Municipal Finance Commission.

I simply wish to state that such is not the fact, and that I have been directly misquoted by some one either intentionally or otherwise.

R. T. McNICHOL,
Chairman Macleod Pub. School Board.

WHAT ABOUT GRASSHOPPERS FOR 1933

Predicting insect outbreaks several weeks ahead can be done with about the same degree of accuracy with which the weather can be predicted for a like period. Weather condition and insect outbreaks are in fact, so closely related that we are not sure but what predicting the weather and predicting insect outbreaks are not one and the same thing. Although fluctuations in insect abundance are

much more extreme from year to year than fluctuations in the weather, the insects have out a few advance agents by which their possible coming abundance is indicated. But many "ifs" are attached.

Such is the case with grasshoppers this coming season. It is well known that over much of the province eggs were deposited last summer and early fall to produce serious infestation this coming season should most of the eggs hatch and the young hoppers get by the hoped for wet weather of May and June. Conditions around here last year at egg-laying time would help us to come to the conclusion that we would not have much trouble with the road-side grasshopper this year, but the migratory ones may show up bad in places.

A great deal depends on the weather whether 1933 will be another grasshopper year or not, conditions between now and June will tell the story. What the grasshoppers like is steady weather. They desire a late spring so that when the warm weather once starts it will continue through the summer. They do not desire that the spring be broken up into alternate spells when the soil is warmed up sufficiently to hatch the eggs and followed by cold and rainy weather. They dislike wet weather because the dampness brings on disease among them. They just can't stand to have their feet wet very long.

From time to time various scientists have tried to show the relationship between spots of the sun and weather conditions on the earth. Connecting insect outbreaks with spots on our principal luminary seems a little far-fetched, but as far back as 1883 the United States commission investigating the ravages of the notorious Rocky Mountain migratory locust gave a prominent place in one of their reports to an article which purported to show how grasshopper outbreaks are associated with the abundance of the so-called sun spots. The idea was to develop some sure method for making predictions. As to its worth, there is some question, but nevertheless, it is interesting.

Sun Spot and Hoppers
When viewed with powerful telescopes the sun is observed to have frequently large and perfectly black spots upon it surrounded with a kind

of border, less completely dark. The number of these spots constantly vary. The greatest number observed at any one time has been 154. Some years the greatest number observed has been as low as 48.

In work done on the annual rings of large trees and their relation to rainfall a clear record of growth cycles was shown to correspond closely to the sun spot cycle. They confirmed the idea that the years of maximum sun spots were generally marked by a deficient rainfall and that periods of minimum sun spots by rainfall above the normal.

Due to the fact that in centuries gone by famine and pestilence were so consistently brought on by drouth and locusts and were of such historical importance that they were recorded it has been possible for one scientist to trace the connection between the locusts and sun spots as far back as the year 1495.

An examination of the rainfall records for the States west of the Mississippi river show that the greatest drouth periods have been from 1870 to 1873, from 1893 to 1895, and from 1917 to 1919. All of these periods coincide with periods of great abundance of sun spots. Not only that but they are all consistently followed by large grasshopper outbreaks. The great Rocky Mountain locust years were from 1875 to 1878. The second great drouth period did not seem to hit this part so hard, but we sure got our share of the drouth period from 1917 to 1919 and some sections affected more or less 1920, 1921 and 1922. The result—the production of the greatest outbreaks of grasshoppers, considering the value of crops affected, that parts of this western country has ever known.

It is reasonable to expect that sections most recently affected by drouth will have grasshopper trouble the longest. There is little or no foundation to the theory that grasshoppers last just three years and then disappear. There has been sections known where an excessive abundance of them has lasted only one season, while in other sections the hoppers have unfortunately not taken their departure after three years feasting.

From the general and extensive campaigns conducted in Southern Alberta and Northern Montana last year



we should not have a serious outbreak in 1933. Between poison bait, disease and enemies they were thinned out pretty well by egg laying time. Trouble will depend to a great extent on the good graces of the weather man as the injurious grasshoppers hatch out in the latter part of May and the beginning of June. Occasionally due to early warm spells some may hatch earlier in the season. A few species of grasshoppers instead of hatching in the spring, hatch out in the fall and go through the winter as partially grown nymphs. These are the ones noticed in February, March and April and at times are sufficiently numerous early in the season to cause alarm. However, they become so widely scattered by the time crops are up that they cause little or no damage. Some day maybe when the sun spot gazers come along with a certain method of predicting the rainfall from May till July it will be possible to make long-time predictions concerning the hoppers.

H. Mackintosh.

TURKISH WOMEN ARE HEADED TOWARD FREEDOM

Kemal Pasha is the leading Turkish feminist, but it is predicted that he will have a more difficult task than any he has yet set himself before the freedom he permits and encourages in his wife becomes general among Turkish women. She has assisted in a review of troops, wearing no veil and garbed in riding boots. Such a thing was probably never known in Turkey before of a woman of high caste. It is true that the veil is gradually disappearing, but it is equally true that Turkish women in Constantinople are not allowed to appear in a theatre, restaurant or dancing hall. If one of them dared to do so, she would be liable to arrest. B. F. Kospoth, writing in the New York Herald, says that a short time ago he, with a Turkish friend and his wife, was about to enter a hotel for a cup of tea, but was hurriedly barred, and informed that the police prefect had ordered that Turkish women would no longer be permitted to take tea in public places.

Depends on the Man
How Turkish women are treated by their husbands altogether depends on the husband. The writer says that you may call on a Turkish friend and be at once admitted into the family circle as though in America, and pass the evening playing poker. On the other hand, he has a particular friend who is the editor of one of the chief Kemalist papers, and a graduate of Columbia College. They meet frequently, but never yet has he had a glimpse of his friend's wife or even of his mother. On the other hand he has been to the movies with Kemalist officers and their sisters and cousins. The movies, by the way, are the only form of public entertainment that is permitted Turkish women. Even in the mosques they are received with reluctance although the Koran says that good women will go to Paradise. When they go to public worship they must keep in the background and as far as possible from the sight of the men. Probably the theory is that their presence might distract the holy thoughts of the true believers.

Harem has Gone
However the harem has practically disappeared. Polygamy is recognized by religion and law but all but a very few Turks are too poor to afford several wives. So the great majority have but one wife at a time but they have as a rule a rapid succession of them. Divorce is easier in Turkey for a man than in any other European country. When a man tires of his wife he writes her a note telling her to pack up and move out. This she does forthwith, and she has no redress. The husband is not required to give an explanation. It is true that when marriages are arranged a sum of money is fixed which must go to the woman if she is repudiated, but since it is considered bad form among the better classes to make this sum large, it does not act as a deterrent.

Jealous of Foreigners
But if a woman wants a divorce she has almost as much trouble as though she were in England. She can secure her freedom only if she can prove that her husband habitually ill-uses her or that he is insane. The result of the Turkish marriage and divorce law is that almost every other Turkish woman one meets in Constantinople is a divorcee, perhaps several times over. Though this treatment of their wives would indicate that the Turks do not hold them in much esteem, they are jealous enough where foreigners are concerned. If a Turkish woman stopped on the street to talk to a Christian she would be checked by the first policeman who saw her. Stringent regulations seek to prevent any kind of intercourse between them. One of the results is, since the business of Constantinople is practically all in the hands of the Christians, that there are hardly any women employed in the offices or stores of the city, and hard-up though the Turks are they are thus shut off from permitting their daughters or other unoccupied females of their family to earn any-

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REV. ARMSTRONG, Methodist,	1048
FATHER ROULEAU, Catholic,	312
BISHOP LEAVITT, Mormon,	36

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H. V. CLARKE

MACLEOD PHOTO SERVICE

PHONE 64

MACLEOD, ALBERTA

The Blood Indian Reserve, paid out the sum of \$4,500.00 to the Blood Indians, each Indian, man, woman and child, receiving the amount of \$4.00. This sum represents the amount received by the department of Indian Affairs for the lease of lands belonging to the Blood Reserve in 1922. Only a few of the Indians were seen in Macleod, the majority of them going to Lethbridge and Cardston, where as one Indian in Macleod was heard to remark, in those places they got better value for their money.

THE FARM GROUNDS SHOULD BE MADE ATTRACTIVE

The Canadian Horticultural Council believes that Canadian farmers are rapidly learning to appreciate comfortable, beautiful and edifying home surroundings, because it is now beginning to be realized that it pays from a cash standpoint, that it will help country life to be what it should be, the most attractive of all, and because it will in no small measure and in conjunction with the rural telephone, rural mail, good roads and Radio help to keep the young people at home and contented.

Farming should be, and some day will be, the most independent, attractive and satisfactory profession in the world, and one of the most important steps to ward that end is, that of having the home surroundings just as attractive as those of our citizens who live in the towns and cities. This end can be accomplished much more cheaply and with more beautiful results, as the farmer has everything including an adequate space to work with.

The appearance of a place is a very safe index to the character of the owner. Poor stock, poor vegetables, diseased fruit trees and wormy fruit go hand in hand with unpainted buildings, filthy barnyards and a bare house with grounds unornamented, and yet the majority of our farms are in this condition. In fact, those with really well laid-out and well-kept grounds and orchards are the exception.

Making the home grounds tidy and well kept, not only adds to the pleasures of life, but it is good business, for it should be remembered that the front yard of the farm is the show window of his place of business. It is also good business because it attracts the buyer for the products of the farm or the farm itself, as everyone likes to trade at a farm or at a store that has an appearance of being up to date, well-kept, of having fresh goods, and we are willing to pay the price for these things rather than take a chance on others.

It also pays because well-kept grounds and buildings bring returns out of all proportion to their cost. In fact, in a consideration of this matter the word "investment" not "expense" should always be thought of.

Any farm, the house of which is framed with trees, porches shaded with vines, which possesses a smooth expanse of lawn, the objectionable features hidden from view by trees



Pushed in a paper bag



To help this fellow grow sturdy in body and active in brain, give him food that builds up his frame even faster than he wears it out in his strenuous play.

Let him have a cup of FRY'S Cocoa often. Here you have a delicious food beverage that is all nourishment. For instance, nearly one fifth of its bulk is "albumen" and albumen is only another form of muscle.

For, it has, for warmth and energy, and vitamins to give nerve force. All this because FRY'S is made from the richest and finest cocoa beans, by methods matchless after 200 years' experience. FRY'S is the best and cheapest of all foods for growing boys and girls. Of course, remember

"Nothing will do but FRY'S"

LOCAL AND PERSONAL NEWS

Mrs. T. Peterson was a visitor in Calgary on Saturday last.

A. Anderson, of Granum, motored to Macleod Saturday on business.

M. J. Milan, of Calgary, was a business visitor in Macleod on Wednesday of this week.

W. Morrison and R. W. Clarke were business visitors to Calgary Monday of this week.

Mrs. A. Young and Miss Edith Ferguson were in Blairmore this week visiting friends.

Mrs. P. McNeill, of Edmonton, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Hobbs, of Macleod, for a few days.

Mrs. Jack McLaren, of Cranbrook, is the guest of Miss M. McLaren while in Macleod visiting friends.

Miss Madge Benson is in Macleod spending her holidays with her parents Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Benson.

H. J. McDonald returned to Calgary on Wednesday after spending a couple of days in Macleod on business.

Mrs. C. Boag, of Pincher Creek, was in Macleod over the week-end visiting Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Boag.

Frank Trotter returned to Macleod Wednesday evening from California where he has been spending the winter.

Mrs. J. B. Wilson and two sons, of Blairmore, are visiting with Mrs. Wilson's mother, Mrs. C. D. T. Beecher.

George McDonald is spending a few days at his home in Macleod before returning to Calgary where he will in future reside.

A baseball meeting will be held in Purcell's barber shop on Tuesday, April 24th, at 8 p.m. A full attendance is requested.

Mrs. Crookes, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. A. E. Young of Macleod, left on Wednesday evening for her home in Frank.

E. D. Gardner, of Medicine Hat, arrived in Macleod on Monday having been transferred to the Bank of Montreal here as junior.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Forster and Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Forster left last week for Parma, Michigan, where they will in future reside.

Corporal Ford of the R.C.M.P., Pincher Creek, and Constable Staley, of the A.P.P. Pincher Creek, were in town Wednesday of this week on business.

Rev. W. J. Merrick and Rev. S. Middleton have returned from Calgary where they attended a convention of the clergy of the Calgary diocese held in that city last week.

C. E. Haly, who for the past two months has been junior in the Bank of Montreal in Macleod, left on Monday for his home in Lomond, Alta., having resigned from the bank.

Lucas O'Brien is down from Calgary where he is working in the Canadian Bank of Commerce, and is spending his holidays at his parents' farm at St. Paul's Mission.

Ryder Davis is spending a few weeks on his mother's farm east of Macleod before returning to Lethbridge where he has been studying law for the past two years with A. G. Virtue.

The many friends of Capt. D. W. Davis, who has been having a serious time in the Colonel Belcher Hospital, Calgary, from old war wounds, will be

pleased to hear that he is slowly recovering.

Friends of Mr. G. Goeson, who was severely burned some weeks ago when a can of gasoline exploded at his farm out of Granum, will be pleased to know that he is recovering slowly, but has not yet regained the full use of his hands which were so badly burned.

On Saturday afternoon, the three-year old son of Mr. P. McMurray, of Orton, was knocked down and run over by a horse, receiving a blow on the face. Fortunately no bones were broken and the little fellow was soon out playing again, although his face was badly swollen.

"Bubbles" Ferguson entertained a few of her little friends on Saturday afternoon in honor of her fourth birthday.

After attending the matinee at the Empress Theatre, a dainty supper was served at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Benson, and games were played until seven o'clock.

W. Richmond, who has been manager of the Good Company in Macleod for some months, left last week for Calgary where he has accepted a position with the firm of P. Burns & Co. Mrs. Richmond and son are spending a few days in Lethbridge before joining Mr. Richmond in Calgary.

The concert given last Friday night by the Presbyterian Junior Girls' Guild in aid of the Babies' Ward in the Macleod Hospital was a decided success and great credit is due to the girls and boys and their teachers in putting on such a splendid performance. About eighty dollars was realized for this worthy cause.

On Monday and Tuesday of this week, M. J. Faunt, Indian agent on

Aluminum A One Day Special Aluminum Heavy Weight QUALITY BRAND Aluminum Ware

You will be surprised at the very heavy quality at these low prices. A big stock to select from, but we urge you to come early We will not take orders for this ware over the phone.



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SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1923

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I do all kinds of repair work, either machine or hand sewn.

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Public School Honor Roll

Following is the honor roll of the Macleod Public School for the month of March, the standing of the pupils following in the order of merit:

Grade I—Beryl Underwood, Ormie Mead, Greta Telford, Jane Bailey.

Grade II—Laurel Armstrong and Mary McLeod, May Hoodless, Bernice Tomlinson, Alison Seymour, Albert Lantinga and Ian Callie.

Grade III—David Cooney, Queenie Maltby, Alice Freeman, Tom Fugita, Christopher Cooney, George Johnston.

Grade IV—Fred Seymour, Dan Pittard, Eugene Hewitt, Edith Pollard, Yee Quon, Edith Armer.

Grade V—Jean Ringland, Ruth Armer, Gladys Cooney, Cornelius Willson, Margaret Reid, Willie Hart.

Grade VI—Alan Gordon, Millie Armer, Wilfred Keats, Lolo Lee, Kathleen McNab, — Fanet.

Grade VII—Jim Lambert, Tordis Carlson, Rachel McLeod, Leonard Bremner, John Davis, Edith Coffey.

Grade VIII—Jean Russell, Verna Armstrong, Lillian Andrews, Grace Bender, Mildred Wood, Campbell Gardiner.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS

It Pays to Inoculate Your Legume Seeds

At the Claresholm School of Agriculture, cultures for the inoculating of the different kinds of legume seed may be obtained by applying to the principal. It is a well-established fact that legumes require certain kinds of bacteria to produce the most vigorous growth of stems, leaves and seed. In order to secure the necessary kind of bacteria in the soil in which a particular kind of legume is to be grown the inoculation of the seed with pure culture is recommended. From the first of April until the end of June these cultures are prepared for the inoculation of sweet clover, alsike, sweet peas, beans and white Dutch clover. Complete instructions for inoculating legume seed are supplied with the cultures. A charge of 25c is made for each bottle which contains sufficient bacteria to inoculate sixty pounds of seed. All orders, accompanied by postal orders should be directed to the Principal of the School of Agriculture, Claresholm.

Former Macleod Resident Dead

The death occurred in Calgary last Thursday of H. C. VanBuren from effects of blood poisoning contracted several months ago. The funeral was held on Saturday and the many floral tributes testified to the high esteem in which the deceased was held in that city.

In the passing of Mr. VanBuren the west loses one of its real old-timers. He came to Western Canada in May 1876, from Troy, New York, settling at Nelsonville, in Southern Manitoba. He started in the cartage business, for in those days all supplies were obtained from Emerson, a distance of over 50 miles.

When the C.P.R. decided to build the Pembina branch through this great southern part of that province, Mr. VanBuren took one of the sub-contracts after the completion of which he became supply agent until the branch was finished.

When the town of Morden was located on the new railroad, it necessitated the moving of several flourishing towns and villages which had sprung up. The first move was Nelsonville, eight miles away. The contract was let en bloc, Mr. VanBuren obtaining it. He afterward moved in Mountain City and several smaller villages.

In 1904, Mr. VanBuren moved still further west, locating for a few years at Macleod with his family where he engaged in farming, then going to Calgary, where he has since resided. He was of a very retiring disposition and never courted publicity of any kind. Mr. VanBuren was a member of one of the oldest families in the United States. Martin VanBuren, who was president in 1837, was his great-uncle.

Mr. VanBuren counted among his warmest friends Hon. John Norquay, Hon. Robt. Rogers, Hon. R. P. Roblin and many others who have helped to make the west.

The deceased leaves to mourn his loss a widow, one daughter, Miss Hazel M. VanBuren; two sons, H. S. VanBuren, of Strathmore, and A. P. VanBuren, of Calgary.

THE GERMAN COMMANDER WHO PLAYED THE GAME

One of the few Germans who fought conspicuously in the war and were admitted by their foes to be brave and sportmanlike fighters was Captain Karl Von Mueller, who died in Germany a short time ago. He was the commander of the Emden, and the Emden was probably more useful to the German cause than all the rest of the German navy put together with the exception of the U-boats. In her short and eventful career of fourteen weeks she destroyed 74,000 tons of British and other enemy shipping, including twenty-two ships, with a total value of \$20,000,000. Marine insurance rates went down 50 per cent. the day it was announced she had been sunk. She was the most famous of the German raiders, and yet it is said that except in her last fight with the Australian cruiser Sydney, that finally sent her to the bottom, she was not responsible for the loss of a single life. In the fight with the Sydney, three were killed and fifteen were wounded on the latter, while the Emden's losses were much heavier.

A Popular Commander
Karl Von Mueller was one of the best known of German naval officers, a thorough sailor, and popular both in his profession and socially. He was one of the staff that represented the German Emperor at the marriage of King George. When war broke out the Emden, a small cruiser of 3,650 tons and 361 men, was in the Yellow Sea. Two days after the declaration



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Is coming in soon and we intend to give you all the varieties that are offered. Every kind of salad, fresh spring vegetables, strawberries, will soon be cheap enough to buy. All the best advertised brands of Tea and Coffee, Sauces, Pickles, Jams, etc., at the lowest market price.

WHITE WEAR

In Canvas and Fleetfoot, with all the varieties coming in from time to time.

LEATHER GOODS

For Men, Women and Children, at prices where we share the profit with you.

LADIES AND CHILDRENS UNDERWEAR

The summer shipment is just in and as these were bought before the great advance in cloth goods, it means a reduction from fifteen to twenty-five per cent.

SILK HOSE

We are clearing out a line of Ladies' Hosiery, Mercerized, Cashmere, Silk and Wool at \$2.00, regular price. The up-to-date girl must have a pair. It may mean a husband or a lover. One woman said: "We are painting our legs now, so don't want hosiery."

SILK WAISTS

We advertised for the past two weeks at Half Price which means less than actual cost. Would you believe it, we only sold five. This will show you how tight money is, because if the people had money, the lot would have been cleaned out. "Oh, hard times, where is thy sting! Oh, penury, where is your victory?"

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN! Don't Forget YOUR UNDERWEAR

REACH & COMPANY, Ltd.

ter this was finished the Governor said that he had a motorboat that had been out of order for some time, and the Emden mechanics soon put it to rights. After this they separated with the utmost politeness. Once more the Emden appeared in the Indian Ocean sinking ships, and even throwing some shells into the city of Madras. In the straits of Penang she sank a Russian cruiser and a French destroyer. But her time was drawing to a close. The hunters were on her track, and one day the Australian cruiser Sydney came upon her at the Cocos Island, off the Java coast, where she had put in to destroy the cable station. Some of her men were killed when the Sydney hove in sight, and the siren blew frantically to summon them but before they returned the Emden had to flee. The fight that followed lasted for thirty miles, and then the Emden, ablaze, and her decks covered with dead, was run ashore on North Keeling Island. Captain Von Mueller was received with all the honors of a prisoner of war, and by order of the Admiralty he and his officers were permitted to retain their swords.

MEN'S WORK BOOTS
\$5.00

See my window for Work Boots
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Goods of all kinds, is being re-
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The Latest Arrivals are DRESS FLANNELS in Plaids, Stripes and Solid Colors. This line consists of a variety of pleasing patterns and Colorings.

HOMESPUNS, Plain and Fancy, Stripes and Plaids, Fine and Coarse weaves.

RATINES, a beautiful line of these popular goods. They will be much in evidence this season. We have a large variety of patterns and colors. A particularly pleasing effect is a combination of ratine and voil.

Cocoa Door Mats

This is an article you shouldn't be without during wet and muddy weather. Sizes 18x29, \$2.00; 27x54, in colors, \$2.25, the best 21x33, \$2.85.

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